

Election Season is Here: Politics and Religion in the Workplace

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Roadmap

- Religion in the Workplace
 - Overview of Religious Discrimination and Harassment
 - Employer Best Practices
- Politics in the Workplace
 - Overview of Applicable Law
 - Employer Best Practices
- When Religion and Politics Collide



Religion in the Workplace

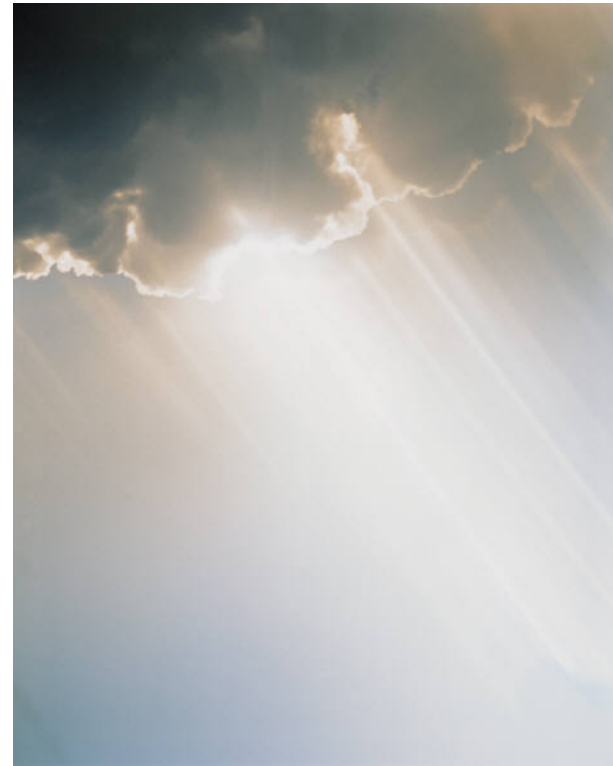


The Law

- **Title VII:**
 - Prohibits employers from discriminating on the basis of religion.
- **EEOC Guidelines:**
 - Provides guidance on the implementation of Title VII.
- **Texas Commission on Human Rights Act:**
 - State law that prohibits employers from discriminating on the basis of religion.

Religion

- **Title VII:**
 - Includes all aspects of religious observance and practice, as well as beliefs...
- **EEOC:**
 - Expanded interpretation of Title VII's definition.



Religious Discrimination

- Treating an applicant or employee unfavorably, because of his/her religious beliefs.
- Must reasonably accommodate unless “undue hardship.”



Religious Accommodation

- Employer required to accommodate “sincerely held” religious beliefs.
 - Very few cases have rejected claims of religious based practices.



Religious Accommodation (continued)

- **Responsibilities of Employee:**
 - Notify employer about his/her need for religious accommodation.
 - Request must be clear.
- **Responsibilities of Employer:**
 - Good faith attempt to resolve conflict.
 - If unable to resolve conflict, identify why.

Religious Accommodation (continued)

- **Employer may avoid requirement of accommodating, if:**
 - Employer offered reasonable accommodation, refused by employee; or
 - All accommodations would cause undue hardship.

Undue Hardship

- Causes more than a minimal burden on the operations of the employer's business.
 - Greater than ordinary administrative cost;
 - Compromises workplace safety;
 - Decreases workplace efficiency;
 - Infringes on other employees' rights;
 - Requires other employees to perform hazardous or burdensome work.
- Cannot be “too speculative.”



Common Religious Accommodations

- Leave without pay for religious observances;
- Temporary scheduling changes/shift swaps;
- Relaxation of clothing or personal grooming codes;
- Job reassignment;
- Employee speech/proselytizing.



Employee Speech/Proselytizing

- **Permitted as long as:**
 - Does not interfere with operations;
 - Does not impair customer relations;
 - Does not create harassing or hostile work environment.



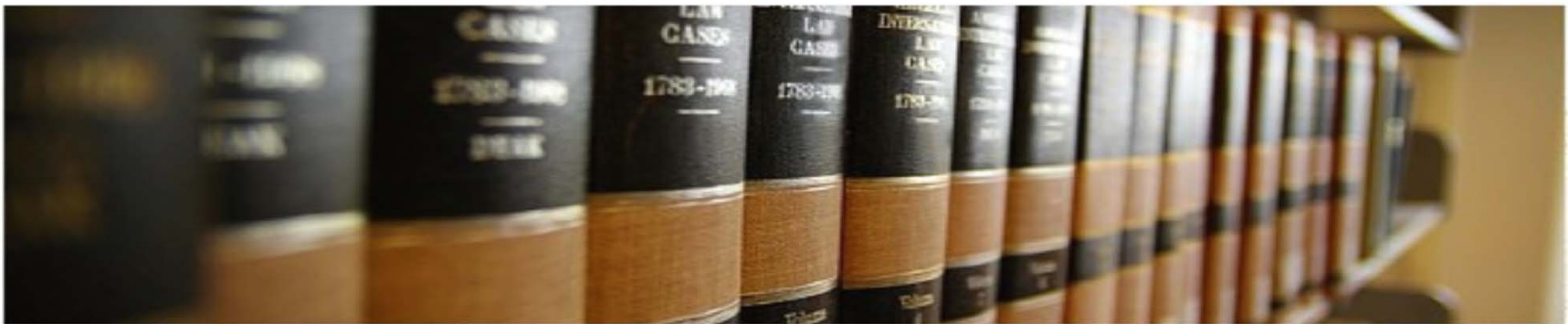
Religious Harassment

- **Two types:**
 - Quid pro quo
 - Hostile work environment.



Quid Pro Quo

- **Rare**
- **Proof required:**
 - Employee was required to submit to a religious demand/requirement; and
 - Employee response to demand requirements was used as basis for the decision.



Hostile Work Environment

- **More common!**
- **Proof required:**
 - Employee is a member of protected religious group;
 - Employee subjected to unwelcome harassment;
 - Harassment was based on religion; and
 - Harassment affected term, condition, or privilege of employment.

Hostile Work Environment (continued)

- Generally, more than random or isolated comments or conduct.
- Repetitive and/or pervasive.
- But, extremely serious isolated incident may give rise to a claim.



Best Practices

- Establish a policy for religious accommodation;
- Set guidelines for acceptable work space décor;
- Establish boundaries for employees by indicating which tools are for business use only;
- Well-publicized and consistently applied discrimination and anti-harassment policy;
- Establish complaint procedure;
- Train supervisors and managers.



Anti-Harassment Policies:

- The employer will not tolerate prohibited harassment of employees by managers, supervisors, co-workers, customers, vendors or other third parties in workplace.
- Description of type of behavior that constitutes prohibited harassment.
- Notify employees that employer routinely monitors the workplace for sources of harassment, including but not limited to e-mail messages, photographs, calendars, or suggestive objects.
- May make complaints to supervisor or a representative of management other than immediate supervisor

Anti-Harassment Policies: (continued)

- Instruct managers who receive a complaint or observes harassing conduct to report matters to designated human resources representative
- Notification that employer or a representative of an employer will investigate complaints as quickly as possible under the circumstances and in a confidential manner
- Outline potential for discipline for harassing behavior, up to and including termination

Politics in the Workplace



The Law

- **First Amendment**
- **Federal:**
 - Voting rights laws.
 - NLRA section 7.
- **State:**
 - Laws protecting political activities.
 - Election leave laws.

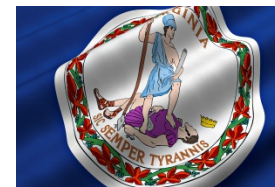


Federal Law

- **Federal Voting Rights Laws:**
 - Prohibits anyone from seeking to intimidate, coerce, or interfere with any person's right to freely vote as he/she chooses candidates for federal office.
 - NLRA Section 7
 - Political issues are often union issues.
 - When political speech bears some relationship to the workplace, restrictions may conflict with rights under the NLRA.

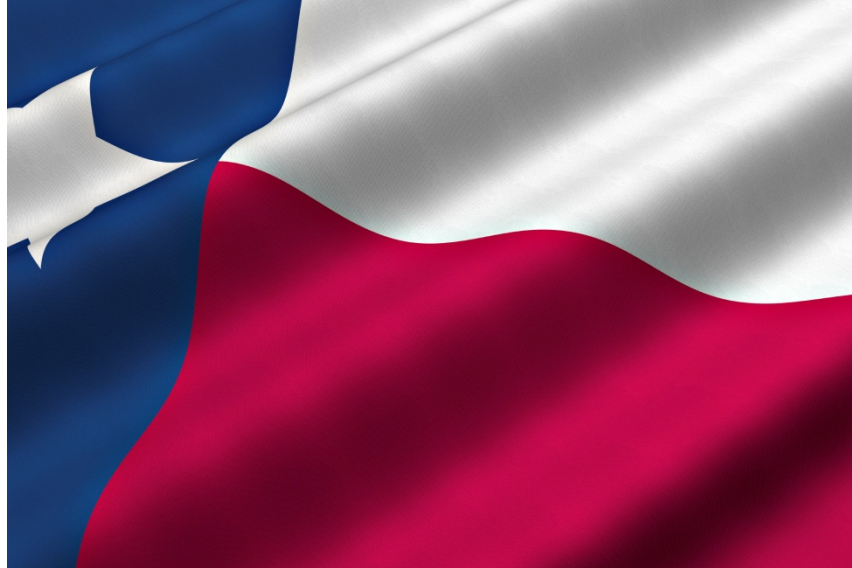
State Laws

- Federal law only protects employee's political activities in context of voting.
- States can enact statutes protecting employees from adverse job actions based on the employees' political affiliation or activity.



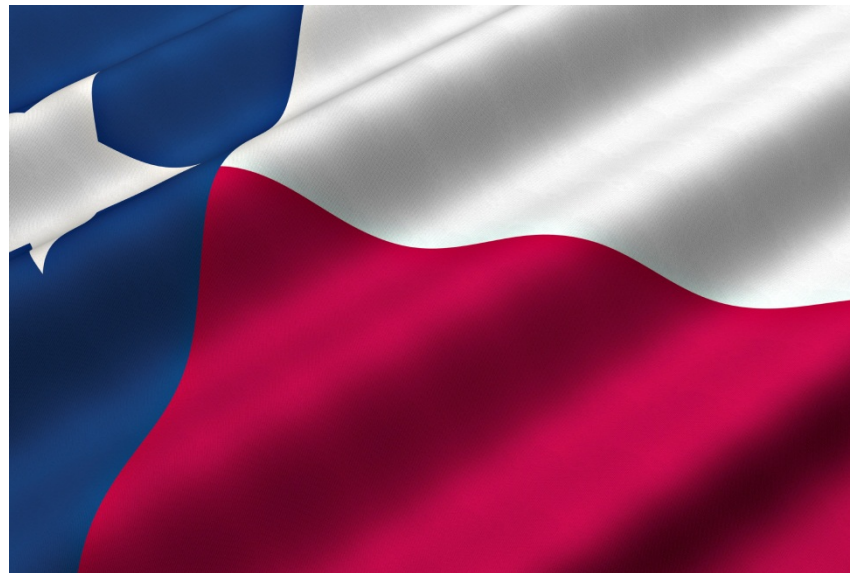
State Laws: Texas

Class C misdemeanor for a person who has authority over another employee to refuse to permit the employee to be absent from work on election day for the purpose of voting or to subject or threaten to subject the employee to penalty for voting on voting day. Tex. Elec. Code Ann. 276.004



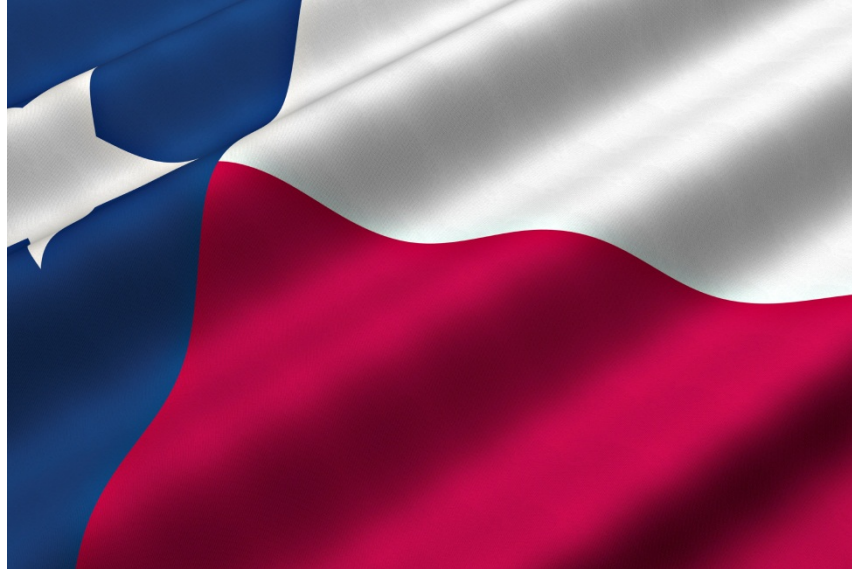
State Laws: Texas

Third degree felony for an employer to retaliate against an employee, by subjecting employee to a loss or reduction of wages or any other employment benefit, because the employee voted for a particular candidate or group of candidates for political office, or refused to reveal his or her vote. Tex. Elec. Code Ann. 276.001 (2013)

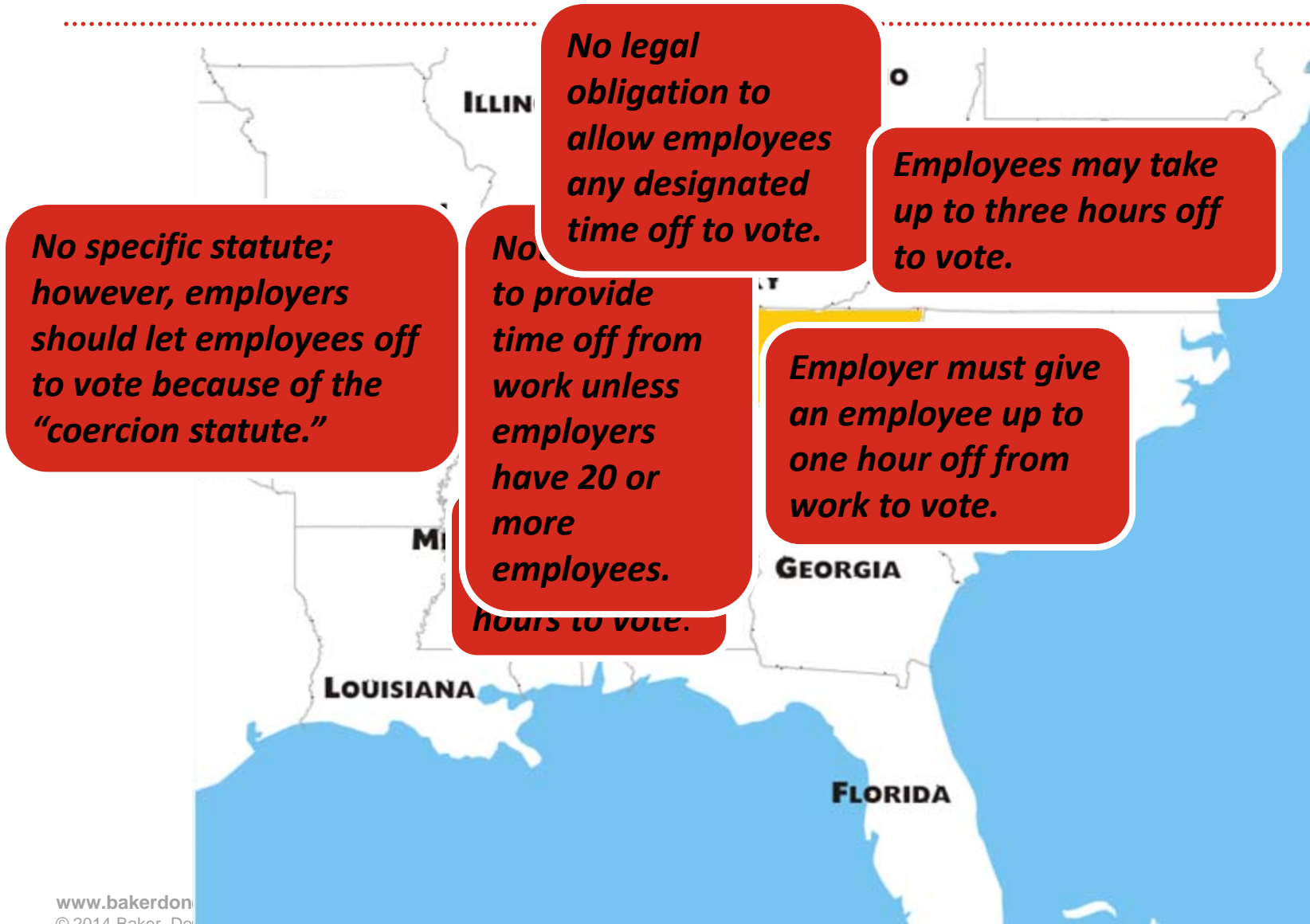


State Laws: Texas

Class C misdemeanor to refuse to permit an employee to be absent from work to attend a precinct convention in which the employee is eligible to participate, or a county, district, or state convention if the employee is a delegate. Tex. Elec. Code Ann. 161.007



State Laws: Election Leave



Political Dialogue: Potential Employer Liability

- Some types of political dialogue may give rise to discrimination or harassment claims.
- Conversations about politics can often morph into discussions about protected characteristics:
 - McCain = Age
 - Obama = Race
 - Clinton = Sex
 - Romney = Religion

Best Practices

- Anti-harassment policy addressing legal ramifications of political discussions in the workplace;
- Develop a complaint procedure encouraging employees to address offensive political speech;
- Train managers and supervisors to avoid political discussions with subordinates;
- Institute internet and email policy.



When Politics and Religion Collide

- EEOC Charge alleging discrimination, retaliation, and hostile work environment based on race, national origin, and religion.
- EEOC does onsite investigation based on string of political emails.
- These emails include...



Email 1: Why did the chicken cross the road?

BARACK OBAMA: The chicken crossed the road because it was time for a change!

GEORGE W. BUSH: We don't really care why the chicken crossed the road. We just want to know if the chicken is on our side of the road, or not. The chicken is either against us, or for us.

BILL CLINTON: I did not cross the road with that chicken.

AL GORE: I invented the chicken.



Email 2: “Bush prepares for the Obama Inauguration.”



Email 3: Message from the Taliban

WARNING FROM THE MIDDLE EAST:

This morning, from a cave somewhere in Pakistan, Taliban Minister of Migration, Mohammed Omar, warned the United States that if military action against Iraq continues, Taliban authorities will cut off America's supply of convenience store managers, and possible candidates for President of the United States.

And if this action does not yield sufficient results, cab drivers will be next, followed by Dell and AOL customer service reps, and then Motel 6 managers.

Email 4: “Plot to Kidnap Obama Uncovered.”



When Politics and Religion Collide

- Outcome of EEOC Investigation...



Questions?

